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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden
hours per response.....12.00



FORM X-17A-5 SEC Mail Processing PART III Section

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 46787

FACING PAGE

FEB 29 2008

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 178-5 increamder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	IG 01/01/07	AND ENDING	12/31/07	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. F	REGISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: AK C	CAPITAL, LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
111 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARE), 20TH FLOOR(No. and Street)			
	(No. and Silect)			
CHICAGO(City)	CHICAGOIL(City) (State)		60604	
(City)	(State)	e) (Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF CHRIS PERZ	F PERSON TO CONTACT IN		PORT312-692-5075	
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)	
B. A	CCOUNTANT IDENTII	FICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN RAVID & BERNSTEIN LI	·	I in this Report*		
	(Name - if individual, state las	t, first, middle name)		
230 WEST MONROE STREET, SUIT	TE 330CHICAGO	IL (State)	60606(Zip Code)	
	(City)	(omic)		
CHECK ONE:			BBOVEOU!	
Certified Public Accountan	t		Man	
☐ Public Accountant			MAR 27 2008	
☐ Accountant not resident in	United States or any of its pos	ssessions.	MAR 2 7 2008 ETHOMSON	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	- ANOINE	

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,DON ABRAMSON	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying t	financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
of DECEMBER 31	, as, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner proprie	etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	• • •
classified solely as that of a customer, except	as follows:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Dorold Wrangon
	Signature
	MANAGING MEMBER
	Title
0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Notar∳ Public´	DAVID SIRNA
This report ** contains (check all applicable	hoves). A COMM. #1508657 00
(a) Facing Page.	MARIN COUNTY
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	My Comm. Expires Aug 19, 2008
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Co	ondition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder	s' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities S	subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
	eserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	on or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	tte explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	e Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Re	
(n) A report describing any material inade	quacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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Ravid & Bernstein llp

Certified Public Accountants

- John V. Basso, CPA
- William H. Brock, CPA
- ◆ Mark T. Jason, CPA
- ◆ Phillip C. Ravid, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Members AK Capital, LLC Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of AK Capital, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations and changes in members' capital, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 27, 2008

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash	\$	4,798	
Due from clearing organization		4,736,173	
Marketable securities		66,463,777	
Other receivables		71,410	
Deposits		3,952	
Computer equipment (net of depreciation)		19,999	
Class C limited partnership interest		10,000_	
	\$	71,310,109	
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL			
Liabilities:			
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value	\$	65,741,837	
Accrued expenses		41,570	
Miscellaneous payable		34,425	
Short-term deposits, member		125,000	
		65,942,832	
Members' Capital		5,367,277	
	\$	71,310,109	

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN MEMBERS' CAPITAL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

REVENUES (LOSS):		
Trading loss, net	\$ (9,823,907)	
Interest and dividend income:	•	
Credit interest	920,899	
Short stock interest	1,991,839	
Dividend income	868,624	
Commission rebates	1,284,778	
Other income	129,145	
Total Loss		\$ (4,628,622)
EXPENSES:		
Payroll	216,665	
Group health insurance	26,980	
Exchange fees/costs	167,829	
Brokerage expense	60,579	
Interest expense	3,622,488	
Dividend expense	592,337	
Office expense	168,498	
Technology costs	125,643	
Outside services	135,700	
State tax	800	
Seat lease	28,746	
Professional fees	38,527	
Donations	3,000	
Depreciation	8,756	
Total Expenses		5,196,548
NET LOSS		(9,825,170)
MEMBERS' CAPITAL, BEGINNING OF YEAR		8,834,435
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		11,283,368
CAPITAL WITHDRAWALS		(4,925,356)
MEMBERS' CAPITAL, END OF YEAR		\$ 5,367,277

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

OPERATIONS:			
Net loss	\$ (9,825,170)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operations:			
Depreciation of computer equipment	8,756		
Decrease in balance due from clearing organization	34,494,686		
Decrease in securities owned	9,251,590		
Increase in receivables	(31,060)		
Increase in deposits	(3,952)		
Decrease in securities sold, not yet purchased	(40,318,154)		
Decrease in accrued expenses	(59,749)		
Increase in miscellaneous payables	19,425		
Increase in short-term deposits	125,000		
Net cash used in operations		\$ (6,338	,628)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of computer equipment		(19	,386)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital contributions	11,283,368		
Capital withdrawals	(4,925,356)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		6,358	,012_
NET DECREASE IN CASH			(2)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4	,800
CASH, END OF YEAR		\$ 4	,798_
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE:			
Cash paid during the year for interest		\$ 3,665	,237_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization:

A.K. Limited Partnership ("Company") was organized under the Limited Partnership Act of California on October 1, 1993. On July 12, 2007, the Company converted to a limited liability company pursuant to the California Revised Limited Partnership Act under the name AK Capital, LLC. The business of the Company is to engage in proprietary trading and market making activity in the trading of stock and options thereon, on organized exchanges in the United States. The Company is registered as a Broker/Dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and is a member of the NYSE Arca, Inc. and the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE). The Company is exempt from certain filing requirements under SEC Rule 17a-5 since it operates pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(a)(6) and does not trade on behalf of customers, effects transactions only with other broker dealers, and clears and carries its trading accounts with a registered clearing member of the Exchanges.

2. Significant Accounting Policies:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company maintains its cash in accounts at banks and other financial institutions which may be insured by government agencies up to specified limits. The accounts, at times, exceeded insured limits, but the Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Proprietary securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities and commodities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management.

The Class C limited partnership interest represents an ownership interest in the Company's clearing organization. As such, the interest is not readily marketable, and is carried at cost.

A Limited Liability Company ("LLC") does not pay federal income taxes. Each member is responsible for reporting income (loss) based upon his or her share of the profits of the Company. The Company is subject to California annual franchise and state income tax.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Derivative Financial Instruments:

Derivative contracts are financial instruments whose value is based upon an underlying asset, index, or reference rate. The Company uses derivative financial instruments as part of its market-making and trading activities and its overall risk management process. These financial instruments generally include exchange-traded option contracts, futures contracts, and options on futures contracts. The Company records its derivative activities at market value, and unrealized gains and losses are recognized currently in net trading income (loss) in the statement of operations.

The Company's market-making and trading activities expose the Company to varying degrees of market and credit risk. Market risk is the potential change in an instrument's value caused by fluctuations in equity prices, interest and currency exchange rates, credit spreads, and other risks. Credit risk arises from the possible inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. All derivative financial instruments used for trading purposes by the Company are exchange-traded. For exchange-traded contracts, the clearing organization acts as the counterparty of specific transactions and, therefore, bears the risk of delivery to and from counterparties to specific positions.

4. Securities Owned and Sold Not Yet Purchased:

Marketable securities owned and sold but not yet purchased consist of trading and investment securities at quoted market values, as illustrated below.

	<u>Owned</u>	Sold, Not Yet Purchased
Equities	\$39,273,124	\$43,306,599
Options	<u>27,190,653</u>	<u>22,435,238</u>
	<u>\$66,463,777</u>	<u>\$65,741,837</u>

The options stated above represent derivative financial instruments. See Note 3.

5. Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. (The rule of the applicable exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if the resulting ratio would exceed 10 to 1.) Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "minimum net capital" equivalent to \$100,000 or 6 2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness," whichever is greater, as these terms are defined. At December 31, 2007 the Company had net capital of \$3,942,762, which was \$3,842,762 in excess of its required capital.

6. Principal Transaction Revenues:

During 2007 the Company's principal transaction revenues consisted of equity activities (including equity shares and options), resulting in losses totaling \$9,823,907.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Related Party Transactions:

During 2007 the Company incurred administrative fees totaling \$48,000, including \$19,200 payable to Pyramid Trading, LP, one of whose partners is also a member in AK Capital, LLC, and \$28,800 payable to Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC, one of whose members is also a member in AK Capital, LLC. The expense is included in the total for outside services, reported in the statement of operations and changes in members' capital.

SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2007

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

 Total members' capital, end of year
 \$ 5,367,277

 Less:
 (33,951)

 Haircuts on securities
 (1,390,564)

 NET CAPITAL
 3,942,762

 Minimum capital requirement
 100,000

 EXCESS NET CAPITAL
 \$ 3,842,762

 EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1000%
 \$ 3,926,820

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Aggregate indebtedness		<u>\$ 159,424</u>
Ratio:	Aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital	4.04% to 1

Note: The above information on this schedule is in agreement with the unaudited FOCUS report, Part II, filed by the Company as of December 31, 2007.

Ravid & Bernstein llp

Certified Public Accountants

- John V. Basso, CPA
- William H. Brock, CPA
- ◆ Mark T. Jason, CPA
- Phillip C. Ravid, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

The Members AK Capital, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of AK Capital, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting, including control activities for safeguarding securities, as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons;
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8
 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
 System;
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial

statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the NYSE Arca, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 27, 2008

